

## Social indicators

### Statistics on child-bearing

	Total fertility rate, 2000 – 2005 ratio, around 2000	Estiamted maternal mortality ratio, around 2000	Contraceptive prebalance among married women of childbearing age (%)		
			Year	Any method	Modern method
Algeria	2,53	140	2000	64	50
Angola	6,75	1700	2001	6	5
Benin	5,87	850	2001	19	7
Botswana	3,20	100	2000	40	39
Burkina Faso	6,67	1000	2003	14	9
Burundi	6,80	1000	2000	16	10
Cameroon	4,65	730	1998	19	7
Cape Verde	3,77	150	1998	53	46
Central African Republic	4,96	1100	2000	28	7
Chad	6,65	1100	2000	8	2
Congo	6,29	510	-	-	-
Côte d' Ivoire	5,06	690	1998/99	15	7
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	6,70	990	2001	31	4
Djibouti	5,09	730	-	-	-
Egypt	3,29	84	2000	56	54
Equatorial Guinea	5,89	880	-	-	-
Eritrea	5,53	630	2002	8	5
Ethiopia	5,87	850	2000	8	6
Gabon	4,02	420	2000	33	13
Gambia	4,75	540	2000	10	9
Ghana	4,39	540	2003	25	19
Guinea	5,92	740	1999	6	4
Guinea Bissau	7,10	1100	2000	8	4
Kenya	5,00	1000	2003	39	32
Lesotho	3,65	550	2000	30	30
Liberia	6,80	760	1986	6	6
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	3,03	97	1995	40	26
Madagascar	5,40	550	2003/04	27	18
Malawi	6,10	1800	2000	31	26
Mali	6,92	1200	2001	8	7
Mauritania	5,79	1000	2000/01	8	5
Mauritius	1,97	24	1991	75	49
Morocco	2,76	220	1995	50	42
Mozambique	5,51	1000	1997	6	5
Namibia	3,95	300	1992	29	26
Niger	7,91	1600	2000/01	14	4
Nigeria	5,85	800	2003/04	13	8
Rwanda	5,70	1400	2000/01	13	6
Sao Tome and Principe	4,06	-	2000/01	29	27
Senegal	5,05	690	1997	13	8
Seychelles	1,98	-	-	-	-
Sierra Leone	6,50	2000	2000	4	4
Somalia	6,43	1100	-	-	-
South Africa	2,80	230	1998/99	56	55
Sudan	4,45	590	1992/93	8	7
Togo	5,37	570	2000/01	26	9
Tunisia	2,00	1200	1994	60	51
Uganda	7,10	880	2000/01	23	18
United Rep. of Tanzania	5,04	1500	1999	25	17
Western Sahara	3,89	850	-	-	-
Zambia	5,65	750	2001/02	34	23
Zimbabwe	3,56	1100	1999	54	50

Special thanks to our sources

\* The United Nations secretariat = demographic and social statistics unit.

\* All African Countries and Governments who made informations available to the UN

\*All NGO's, individuals and organizations that supported the UN in their varius capacities.

Margin of error: limited

Technical expression:

Maternal mortality ratio (MMR)

maternal mortality dearths (MMD)

Live births (LB)

MMD : LB x year = Numbers expressed per 100.000 LB

MMR. Maternal dearths are defined as those caused by deliveries and complications of pregnancy.

Results are mainly speculative on the + side. My reasons are based on the fact that, there are know easy access to rural areas including other social factors that are mainly political.

Child fertility rate:

Total number of children a girl will bear following the current bearing patterns, if she liver through her child bearing years. Latest demographic data from countries, and given as 5 years average.

Contraceptive use:

Ratio between 15 – 49 years:

The method adopted in this survey refers to clinic an d supply method.

They espesially include male and female sterilisation, IUD's, the pill, injectible hormonal contrveptives, condoms and female barrier methods (diaphram, cervical cap, spermicidal foams, creams, jellies and

spounges).

Compare the G8

**Great 8**

Austria	1,39	4	1995/96	47	43
Denmark	1,75	5	1988	78	72
Iceland	1,97	0	-	-	-
Germany	1,32	8	1992	75	72
Ireland	1,94	5	-	-	-
Slovakia	1,20	3	1991	74	41
Spain	1,27	4	1995	81	67
Sweden	1,64	2	1981	78	71

**Grave 8**

Angola	6,75	1700	2001	6	5
Chad	6,65	1100	2000	8	2
Malawi	6,10	1800	2000	31	26
Mali	6,92	1200	2001	8	7
Niger	7,91	1600	2000	14	4
Rwanda	5,70	1400	2000	13	6
Sierra Leone	6,50	2000	2000	4	4
Tanzania	5,04	15000	1999	25	17

Of the 13 highest MMD 7 is African

Estimates from WHO, UNICEF and UNFPA world estimate of maternal death 2000

World:	529000
Africa:	251000
Nigeria:	37000
Dem. Rep. of the Congo:	24000
Ethiopia:	24000
Tanzania:	21000
Angola:	11000
Kenya:	11000
Uganda:	10000

The life time risk of death is higher in Sub-Saharan Africa, with as many as 1 women in 16 facing the risk of matenal death in the course of her lifetime, compared with 1 in 2800 in developed regions.